ACTIVITY ANSWER KEY

Chapter 2, Section 2

Check your answers with this Answer Key. Answers separated by commas may be in any order. Answers separated by semicolons must be in stated order. Correct all errors, then complete your next goal.



Lesson 6: *Transportation*

1. (b) Rome
2. (a) roads
3. proven point, verified
4. claim, belief, statement
5. dirt roads, water
6. Peers, people of the same age or period of history
7. land travel (or roads)
8. aqueducts
9. Carthaginian
10. military
11. (c) 202 BC
12. Vice Latina
13. (b) 333
14. Aurelius Cotta
15. (a) 16 to 24 feet
16. the Northern part of North America and all of South America
17. Antarctica; astronomy
18. hieroglyphics
19. a mouse trap (montli), an eagle (quauhtli), a small pointed knife (30), and a hand (maitl)
20. persons and places, dates, and events
21. (b) False
22. glyphs
23. sacred carving
24. *"The path one decides to follow in this life makes an eternal difference. Choices have consequences."*



Lesson 7: *Dominant Personalities*

1. (b) a small village in Israel
2. (d) appointed government leader
3. (a) basis for something, core ingredient
4. (c) imposed or collected (a tax, for example)
5. What is truth?
6. Buddha, Confucius, and Lao-Tse
7. (c) Buddha
8. great suffering
9. (b) beggar
10. (a) banyan
11. Life is full of suffering and pain; Misery is the result of greed and self-centeredness; Contentment comes only through service to others; Inner peace is attained when evil is overcome in one's own life.
12. (wording may vary) brought pain to his wife and son when Buddha selfishly abandoned his family to serve others
13. "the Lord of Mercy"
14. (a) Confucius
15. (a) True

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16. political reform based on fundamental ethical standards
17. (d) government
18. (b) False
19. (wording may vary) although Confucius lived in extreme poverty, in death his body lies in a magnificent, beautiful, expensive tomb. Secondly, Confucius was by conviction an agnostic (one who believes we cannot know if any god exists)
20. (a) librarian
21. Inactivity (non-interference with the natural order of things), Humility (avoidance of pride in one's personal life), and Frugality (the practice of thriftiness)
22. Tao
23. (a) China
24. 100, 200
25. (c) Paris, France
26. Because of his commitment to keeping Sunday a day of prayer and rest
27. yes
28. (wording may vary) in a Japanese internment camp for foreign nationals
29. (c) warfare
30. (d) Olympia
31. 476
32. They were fined
33. fair
34. (a) 45,000
35. jumping, running, wrestling, boxing, throwing the discus, hurling the javelin, and racing chariots
36. Thermopylae
37. (c) Athens
38. (b) 1996
39. Sir Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay
40. *"Do unto others as you would have them do unto you."*



Lesson 8: *Discoveries & Explorations*

1. Greeks, Phoenicians
2. Pillars of Hercules (or Straits of Gibralter)
3. rudder mounted on the bottom of sailing boats to prevent capsizing in rough seas
4. (c) a sphere
5. (any four of the following) Cyprus, Melos, Rhodes, Malta, Sicily, Sardinia, Corsica
6. Carthage
7. Africa
8. long trips by boats
9. Hale-Bopp
10. Hanno
11. (wording may vary) looting, burning, killing, toppling the government
12. (a) apes
13. (c) Gades
14. Phoenician Star
15. "In the Year of Our Lord"
16. Mare Nostrum
17. (b) 500
18. Constitutional Republic
19. (a) True
20. Virtus, Gravitas, Pietas
21. Patricians, Equestrians, Plebeians
22. (c) 100
23. (d) 82
24. an official appointed by the government of one country to look after its interests in another country
25. to oversee the business of the Senate itself and the country's military forces
26. Julius Caesar
27. (b) False
28. Marcus Tullius Cicero
29. Senate
30. (b) 46
31. (a) 44 BC

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32. *"A nation is only as strong as the virtues and principles of families."*



Lesson 9: *Family & Home*

1. "Boudicca" or "Boadicea"
2. (a) 1200
3. Julius Caesar
4. Prasutages
5. Roman Emperor (Nero)
6. (d) Prasutages
7. tribal lands
8. (b) False
9. embarrassment, shame, degradation
10. (a) the Romans
11. nuclear
12. nuclear family
13. (a) Roman historians
14. (b) 61 AD
15. Man
16. Camulodunum
17. Camulodunum, Londinium, Verulamium
18. (c) Leicestershire
19. drank poison
20. family, government, religion
21. (b) weaker
22. (a) Jesus of Nazareth
23. an idol of wood, stone, or metal worshipped as a god
24. (c) 33 AD
25. Christians
26. (wording may vary) he (Caesar) expelled them from Rome.
27. (d) 3
28. He was either the Christ or an utter myth
29. (a) Rome
30. (a) Christians
31. *"Love truth and it will guide you eternally."*



Lesson 10: *Architecture, Art, Fashion, & Furniture*

1. Octavius Caesar Augustus
2. 37
3. (a) 17
4. 63
5. Neropolis
6. (c) fire
7. (wording may vary) The fact that the blaze started in several different places at the same time
8. (b) fire
9. The Destruction of Troy
10. (c) accepted
11. utterly detestable, vile, worthy of loathing, cursed
12. the Christians
13. (e) erase, remove
14. (c) accusation against
15. (d) defined in order to degrade
16. (b) abundant, recklessly wasteful; wildly extravagant
17. (a) human torches
18. (wording may vary) Nero emptied the government treasury and literally plundered every corner of the realm.
19. (wording may vary) A beautiful new city was rising out of its own ashes, ugly persecution was being perpetrated against a harmless body of religious believers.
20. The Judeo-Christians, The Greco-Romans, and The Celto-Teutons
21. expressed in few words
22. (c) Celts
23. Gaulish
24. barley, wheat, oats, rye, millet
25. cattle, horses, pigs, sheep
26. (b) 15 to 20
27. salt

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28. a usually open decorative building used for recreation or entertainment
29. a person's high standing among others achieved from success, wealth, etc.
30. (b) False
31. (a) in the center
32. bards, lyres
33. (a) fine or expel them
34. *"Thoughts, like food, determine health."*

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